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16 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
17
18 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

19 TOMAS LOPEZ MENEWEATHER

20 Plaintiff,

21 v.

22 B. POWELL, et al.

23 Defendant.

Case No. C 07-4204 SBA (NC)

Assigned to Honorable Judge Sandra
Armstrong

~~[PROPOSED]~~ PROTECTIVE ORDER

24 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

25 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
26 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public
27 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted.
28 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated
Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on
all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure
and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment
under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section
12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential
information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62 set forth the procedures that

1 must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the
2 court to file material under seal.

3 2. DEFINITIONS

4 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
5 information or items under this Order.

6 2.2 "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
7 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule
8 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

9 2.3 "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items:
10 information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that
11 qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) and constitutes or discloses
12 information which threatens prison safety or security.

13 2.4 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as
14 well as their support staff).

15 2.5 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that
16 it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL" or
17 "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

18 2.6 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
19 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
20 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or
21 responses to discovery in this matter.

22 2.7 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
23 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a
24 consultant in this action.

25 2.8 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
26 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

27 2.9 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal
28 entity not named as a Party to this action.

2.10 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

2.11 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

2.12 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.

2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

2.14 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or as "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

2.15 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

1 4. DURATION

2 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by
3 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court
4 order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all
5 claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after
6 the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action,
7 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to
8 applicable law.

9 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

10 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party
11 or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care
12 to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.
13 The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents,
14 items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material,
15 documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
16 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

17 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
18 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
19 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary
20 expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

21 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated
22 for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other
23 Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

24 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
25 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
26 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so
27 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.
28

1 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

2 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents,
3 but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing
4 Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
5 ONLY" to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material
6 on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected
7 portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

8 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection
9 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which
10 material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all
11 of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL –
12 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants
13 copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof,
14 qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the
15 Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL –
16 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or
17 portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly
18 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must
19 specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted.

20 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings,
21 that the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or
22 other proceeding, all protected testimony.

23 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any
24 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
25 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL"
26 or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only a portion or portions of the
27 information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall
28 identify the protected portion(s).

1 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
2 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's
3 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
4 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is
5 treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

7 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
8 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality
9 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
10 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to
11 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
12 original designation is disclosed.

13 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution
14 process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis
15 for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written
16 notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this
17 specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in
18 good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other
19 forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In
20 conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality
21 designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the
22 designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered,
23 to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next
24 stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or
25 establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in
26 a timely manner.

27 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
28 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under

1 Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62, if
2 applicable) within 21 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties
3 agreeing that the meet and confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each
4 such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has
5 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by
6 the Designating Party to make such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or
7 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each
8 challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a
9 confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to
10 the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to
11 this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has
12 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

13 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
14 Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
15 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to
16 sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to
17 file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the
18 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
19 designation until the court rules on the challenge.

20 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

21 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
22 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
23 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to
24 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has
25 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL
26 DISPOSITION).

27 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and
28 in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

1 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
 2 by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
 3 information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

4 (a) the Receiving Party's Counsel in this action, as well as employees of said
 5 Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

6 (b) the officers, directors, and employees of the Receiving Party to whom
 7 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment
 8 and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

9 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
 10 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment
 11 and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

12 (d) the court and its personnel;

13 (e) court reporters and their staff;

14 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
 15 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"
 16 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of
 17 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be
 18 separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
 19 under this Stipulated Protective Order.

20 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
 21 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

22 7.3 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"

23 Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the
 24 Designating Party, a Receiving Party may not disclose any information or item designated
 25 "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" to Plaintiff, members of Plaintiff's family,
 26 friends or associates of Plaintiff, or to any other inmate, parolee or the public. Unless otherwise
 27 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may
 28

disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Counsel in this action, as well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

(b) Non-Parties and their counsel to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A) and to whom the Designating party has consented in writing in advance of any such disclosure;

(c) the court and its personnel;

(d) court reporters and their staff (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, and (2) who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); and

(e) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," that Party must:

(a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

1 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the
 2 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as
 3 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" before a
 4 determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained
 5 the Designating Party's permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of
 6 seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions
 7 should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a
 8 lawful directive from another court.

9 9. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS
 10 LITIGATION

11 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-
 12 Party in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL -
 13 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with
 14 this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these
 15 provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

16 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to
 17 produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an
 18 agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the
 19 Party shall:

20 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
 21 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-
 22 Party;

23 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated
 24 Protective Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
 25 description of the information requested; and

26 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the
 27 Non-Party.

28 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court

1 within 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may
 2 produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-
 3 Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its
 4 possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a
 5 determination by the court.¹ Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the
 6 burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

7 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

8 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
 9 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective
 10 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the
 11 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the
 12 Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were
 13 made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the
 14 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A. In the event
 15 the Receiving Party believes that information or items labeled "CONFIDENTIAL –
 16 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" have been viewed or obtained by persons other than Counsel or
 17 their support staff, the Receiving Party must immediately notify the Designating Party of what
 18 documents are at issue and the persons who viewed or obtained the information.

19 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
 20 MATERIAL

21 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently
 22 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
 23 Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This
 24 provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery
 25 order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of
 26

27 ¹ The purpose of this provision is to alert the interested parties to the existence of confidentiality
 28 rights of a Non-Party and to afford the Non-Party an opportunity to protect its confidentiality
 interests in this court.

Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5 and General Order 62, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) and General Order 62 is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed by the court.

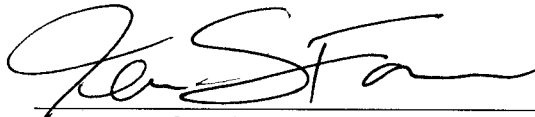
13. FINAL DISPOSITION

Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party for destruction. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,

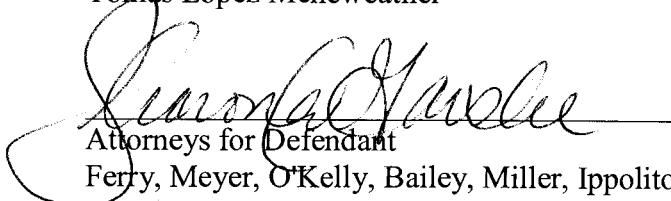
1 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether
 2 the Protected Material is returned, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the
 3 Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day
 4 deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was
 5 returned and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts,
 6 compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
 7 Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all
 8 pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda,
 9 correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and
 10 consultant and expert work product. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected
 11 Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

12 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

13
 14 DATED: March 5, 2012


 Attorneys for Plaintiff
 Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton LLP
 Tomas Lopez Meneweather

15
 16
 17 DATED: 3/7, 2012


 Attorneys for Defendant
 Ferry, Meyer, O'Kelly, Bailey, Miller, Ippolito,
 Powell, Rincon, and Reyes

18
 19
 20
 21 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

22
 23 DATED: March 9, 2012



EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

7I, _____ [print or type full name], of
 _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read
 in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States
 District Court for the Northern District of California on ____ [date] in the case of *Meneweather v.*
Powell, et al. (Case No. C 07-4204 SBA (PR)). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the
 terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so
 comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly
 promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this
 Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions
 of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for
 the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated
 Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
 _____ [print or type full address and telephone
 number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any
 proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____
 [printed name]

Signature: _____
 [signature]